

GRANT E. GARRIGUES, M.D.
SHOULDER AND ELBOW SPECIALIST

MIDWEST
ORTHOPAEDICS
at RUSH    
SPORTS MEDICINE & SHOULDER



Dear Patient,

Thank you for entrusting me and my team with your care. It is our promise to treat each patient like a family member.

We look forward to serving you through every step of your journey back to optimal health!

Sincerely,

Grant Garrigues, MD

FAQ: Shoulder / Elbow Surgery

Connect with us! Instagram: @Grant.Garrigues
Facebook: GrantGarriguesMD
Twitter: @Grant_Garrigues
Youtube/Facebook: Grant Garrigues MD

Website: DrGshoulder.com

Questions? Phone: 312-432-2880
email: garriguespractice@rushortho.com

SHOULDER/ELBOW SURGERY FAQ'S

Length of Stay

Most of our patients go home the same day. However, there are cases where insurance and your overall medical health require a hospital stay for 1-2 nights. You will need to have someone to drive you home after you have been discharged.

Anesthesia

Patients usually have 2 types of anesthesia. The first is general anesthesia, which means you are asleep. The second type of anesthesia is a nerve block. Your arm will be numb and will feel very strange. *The nerve block will last about 12-14 hours.* The anesthesiologist will speak to you on the day of surgery. The anesthesiologist will speak to you on the day of surgery, and you will decide together which anesthesia is preferred/safest.

When you start to feel the sensation in your arm return, begin taking pain medications so they are already in your bloodstream when the block wears off. This will ensure adequate pain control after the block has completely worn off.

Pain catheter: Some patients and anesthesiologists elect to have this placed. This is a tiny tube in your neck/shoulder that provides anesthesia to your arm, *making it numb for several days.* This catheter might be taken out before you go home, or you may be instructed to pull it out after you get home. Your arm will be numb as long as this catheter is infusing.

Incision

This will highly depend on the type of surgery you are having. Arthroscopic surgeries have approximately 4 small incisions around your shoulder, each about 1 cm long. Total shoulder replacements have a single incision down the front of the shoulder that is 4-5 inches in length. For all other surgeries, please ask Dr Garrigues' team.

Diet

Surgery and the narcotic pain medications are very constipating. Your diet should include plenty of water, fiber, fresh fruits, and vegetables.

Pain Control

You will have pain medication prescribed for you prior to discharge. After the nerve block wears off you will have discomfort, so start your pain medicine when the block begins to wear off. Most of the pain is related to your very swollen shoulder. We recommend icing the shoulder frequently with ice packs or your PolarCare Ice Machine. **Refer to the Post-Op Medication Schedule for regime examples (page 7).**

Discharge Medications

Your medications will be electronically prescribed to your pharmacy on file prior to surgery. These medications *typically* include:

- Aspirin (ASA) 81 mg: BEGIN TAKING THIS 2 DAYS AFTER SURGERY. Blood thinner taken daily for 2 weeks to prevent blood clots (unless you are on another blood thinner)
- Senakot 8.6 mg: Stool softener to be taken regularly while on pain meds
- Zofran 4 mg: Improves nausea, taken as needed
- Tylenol (Acetaminophen) 500 mg: Pain reliever. Only prescribed if given oxycodone for pain. Take 2 tablets up to 4 times daily (4000 mg maximum daily dose)
- Norco 5/325 mg (hydrocodone/acetaminophen) mg OR oxycodone 5 mg: Narcotic pain medication to be taken on an as-needed basis. Only 1 weeks' worth of medication will be prescribed. You must call in advance for refills.

Pain Medication Refills

Allow 48 hours for all pain medication refills. DEA laws prohibit certain pain medications from being faxed or phoned in. These include Oxycontin, Oxycodone, Percocet, Hydrocodone, Hydromorphone & Dilaudid. These prescriptions need to be electronically prescribed or handwritten. Arrangements may need to be made to pick up handwritten prescriptions from one of our multiple locations. The final decision regarding refills is up to the surgeon or Physician Assistant. Please closely monitor your pain medication and allow sufficient time for refills.

Swelling

Swelling is commonly experienced by patients after surgery. Because the arm is in a sling with your elbow at 90 degrees, the swelling often collects just above the elbow with associated bruising. If you experience excessive swelling that extends into the hands making it difficult to move the hand/fingers or reduces sensation, immediately notify our office.

Numbness & Tingling

After surgery, your arm will be numb and will feel very strange. *The nerve block will last about 12-14 hours.* If you continue to have arm numbness beyond this period, please contact our office immediately.

Sling

Your arm will be placed in a sling prior to leaving the operating room. The length of time you are required to wear the sling highly depends on the surgery you are having. Please discuss with Dr Garrigues' team.

***if you are having surgery at Elmhurst Hospital, you will need to obtain a sling at our Durable Medical Equipment (DME) store BEFORE surgery and BRING IT to surgery with you. If you have not received a call from the DME store, please call them at: 708-273-8426*

All other surgical locations will have the sling for you on surgery day.

Dressings

You will go home with gauze dressings on your shoulder. After 5 days, you may remove the dressings.

There may be steri strips over the incision. The steri strips must remain in place until they fall off on their own. You may see blue sutures (stitches) or staples sticking out of the incision. These will be removed at your first postoperative visit 10-14 days after your surgery.

Showering

You may shower 5 days after surgery. The incision CANNOT get wet prior to 5 days. Simply allow the water to wash over the site and then pat dry. Do not rub the incision. Make sure your axilla (armpit) is completely dry after showering. You may allow soap and water to run over the incision but *may not submerge the shoulder in water.* Gently pat the shoulder dry.

Physical Therapy

Dr Garrigues' team will inform you if formal physical therapy (PT) is required after your surgery, and how often we recommend you go to PT.

If PT is required, you will be taught very simple exercises that **must be done at home** before being discharged. The therapist will also show you how to properly put on/take off your sling.

You may go to any physical therapy clinic in your insurance network that is conveniently located near your home. If you live near one of the Midwest Orthopaedics at Rush (MOR) facilities, all our locations provide physical therapy services for your convenience. We recommend this if possible, as we have a very close working relationship with those therapists.

You will be given a prescription for physical therapy when you leave the surgical facility. This prescription will indicate which therapy protocol your therapist should follow. The therapy protocols can be found and printed on our website. Please try to find the best shoulder therapist at your chosen facility.

***To assure a timely appointment, we recommend you go ahead and schedule physical therapy at your desired location prior to surgery. This first appointment should be 4 – 6 days after surgery.*

Driving

If your surgery requires you to wear a sling, you may not drive while wearing it. In this case, you must be at least 6 weeks past your surgery date, out of your sling, and off all narcotic pain medication to resume driving. During the first 6 weeks, you will need to arrange for someone to drive you to physical therapy and your follow-up appointments.

Post-Operative Appointments

You will have several post-operative appointments. The typical follow-up schedule is listed below. Appointments may be scheduled with Dr Garrigues and/or his Physician Assistants.

- 10 – 14 days, 6 weeks, 3 months, 6 months, 1 year

Out of Work

The length of time you will be out of work depends on the demands of your job, the rate of your recovery, fatigue, and how fast you can discontinue narcotic pain medication. Those who perform sedentary work may return to work as soon as 6 weeks following surgery (perhaps as soon as 2 weeks if you can work from home or get a ride to work), while those in physically demanding jobs may not be able to return until later.

FMLA/Disability Paperwork

We will complete FMLA/Disability forms related to your surgery. Please submit any forms to the Downtown Chicago office. Please allow 5-7 business days for completion of forms. Make sure you are clear regarding how you want the forms returned.

If you have questions about FMLA, call 312-432-2880. We kindly ask that you fill out our FMLA/Disability Questionnaire Form found on our website to facilitate faster handling of these requests. You must include this completed form with your request. Please make sure your name and date of birth are on all forms.

EQUIPMENT

Sling

- MANDATORY. You may be contacted before surgery about purchasing a sling. Insurance typically pays a portion of this cost. Depending on where you are having surgery, this will either be provided by the hospital, or you will need to bring it to surgery with you.
 - ***Elmhurst Hospital—you will need to obtain a sling at our Durable Medical Equipment (DME) store BEFORE surgery and BRING IT to surgery with you. If you have not received a call from the DME store, please call them at: 708-273-8426*
 - *All other surgical locations will have the sling for you on surgery day.*
- You will be placed in a sling in the operating room and will go home with the sling on. The purpose of the sling is to protect your surgical repair by supporting your arm, keeping it in a position for optimal healing, and to prevent you from reaching, lifting, pushing or pulling. You must wear the sling at all times unless bathing or dressing.
- Sling use will be reviewed with you and your family before you leave the hospital.

Polar Care Ice Machine/Ice Man

- OPTIONAL. You will be contacted before surgery about purchasing this machine. Insurance does NOT pay for this machine.
- Usage is optional, but many patients find it helpful. As an alternative to this machine, you can use ice packs on your shoulder and change them throughout the day.
- The purpose of this machine is to manage pain and reduce swelling.
- Always have a barrier between your skin and the Polar Care sleeve. You should NOT place the sleeve directly on your skin. Examples of barriers: shirt, a towel, or a pillowcase.
- It is a good idea to place a towel under the bucket of the Polar Care to absorb any moisture that may leak.
- Make sure you have plenty of ice available when you get home from surgery. The larger the ice cubes, the longer they will last. Alternatively, you can freeze small water bottles and refreeze after the ice melts.
- Unless your physician tells you otherwise, it is preferable to use the Polar Care *constantly* for the first 48 hours, and then as needed for pain control.

TAKING MEDICATIONS CLOSE TO SURGERY

There are some medications that can interfere with surgery. Please check the following list and if you are taking any of these medications, follow the outlined recommendations.

Your physician will also review your medications during your Medical Clearance appointment. There may be other medications that they ask you to hold on the day of surgery. You may contact your pharmacist or our office with further questions.

- **COX 2 SPECIFIC ANTI-INFLAMMATORIES**

- Celebrex, Bextra
- **These medications DO NOT need to be discontinued.

- **STEROIDAL MEDICATIONS**

- Medrol Dose Pak, Prednisone
- **Continue these medications but be certain to mention you are on these during your preoperative appointment.

- **ASPIRIN PRODUCTS/ NONSTEROIDAL ANTI-INFLAMMATORY MEDICATIONS**

- Alka Seltzer, Anacin, Ascriptin, Aspergum, Baby aspirin, Bayer, BC Powder, Bufferin, Doan's Pills, Ecotrin, Excedrin, Empirin, Goody's Powder, Midol, Mobigesic, Norgesic, PeptoBismol, Soma, Trigesic, Advil, Aleve, Anaprox, Aspirin, DayPro, Disalcid, Feldene, Ibuprofen, Lodine, Motrin, Naprosyn, Nuprin, Orudis, Relafen, Mobic, Meloxicam
- **These medications need to be discontinued 7 days before surgery

- **VITAMINS / SUPPLEMENTS**

- Alpha-Omega Vitamins, Fish Oil, Vitamin E, Ginseng, Ginkgo biloba, Garlic supplements
- **Discontinue 2 weeks prior to surgery

- **ANTICOAGULATION MEDICATIONS (blood thinners)**

- Coumadin – contact the physician who prescribed this medication for you and let him/her know that you are scheduled for surgery and ask their recommendations. **You must also make sure we are aware that you are on this type medication.**
- Pletal, Plavix, Aggrenox – Need to be discontinued 10 days prior to surgery. Check with your prescribing physician prior to discontinuing the medication.

- **OTHER MEDICATIONS**

- Tamoxifen, Hormone Replacement Therapy, Oral Contraceptive Pills
- **We recommend that you discontinue 2 weeks prior to surgery and restart 2 weeks after surgery, as these increase your risk for blood clots. Please discuss these medications with your doctor.

- **BIOLOGICS**

- Humira, Kineret, Enbrel, Remicade
- **These medications are generally used for inflammatory arthritis. Please make sure we are aware you are on these medications and an individualized plan will be discussed with your rheumatologist.

- **GLUCAGON-LIKE PEPTIDE 1 (GLP-1) ANALOGS**

- Ozempic, Wegovy, Trulicity, Mounjaro, Semaglutide, Saxenda
- Discontinue 1 weeks prior (> 7 days) to surgery

POST-OP MEDICATION SCHEDULE

24-hour regime

NORCO prescription

Medication	6 pm	8 pm	10 pm	12am	2 am	4 am	6 am	8am	10 am	12 pm	2 pm	4pm
Norco 5/325 mg	1-2 tabs		1-2 tabs		1-2 tabs		1-2 tabs		1-2 tabs		1-2 tabs	
Zofran 4 mg	1 tab				1 tab				1 tab			
Senokot 8.6 mg	1 tab						1 tab					
ASA 81 mg	1 tab											

OXYCODONE prescription

Medication	6 pm	8 pm	10 pm	12 am	2 am	4 am	6am	8 am	10 am	12 pm	2 pm	4 pm
Oxycodone 5 mg	1-2 tabs		1-2 tabs		1-2 tabs		1-2 tabs		1-2 tabs		1-2 tabs	
Tylenol 500 mg		2 tabs				2 tabs				2 tabs		
Zofran 4 mg	1 tab				1 tab				1 tab			
Senokot 8.6 mg	1 tab						1 tab					
ASA 81 mg	1 tab											

Norco (hydrocodone/acetaminophen) 5/325 mg

Strong pain medication. Take 1-2 tablets by mouth every 4-6 hours after surgery as needed for pain. **Begin with 1 tablet and increase to 2 tablets if pain not controlled.
This medication is to be taken as needed. Narcotics can make you constipated!

Oxycodone 5 mg

Strong pain medication. Take 1-2 tablets by mouth every 4-6 hours after surgery as needed for pain. **Begin with 1 tablet and increase to 2 tablets if pain not controlled.
This medication is to be taken as needed. Narcotics can make you constipated!

Tylenol (Acetaminophen) 500 mg

Pain reliever. Take 2 tablets by mouth every 6 hours (4 times daily). You will not be prescribed this if given Norco. *This medication is to be taken as needed.*

Zofran (ondansetron) 4 mg

Anti-nausea medication. Take 1 tablet by mouth every 8 hours as needed for nausea/vomiting. *This medication is to be taken as needed.*

Senokot 8.6 mg

Stool softener. Take 1 tablet twice daily (every 12 hours) while taking pain medication. *This medication is to be taken as needed.*

ASA (aspirin) 81 mg

Blood clot prevention. BEGIN TAKING 2 DAYS AFTER SURGERY. Take 1 tablet by mouth once daily. Ask Dr Garrigues' team how long you need to take this. *This medication is mandatory.*

***if you are on another blood thinner (i.e. Xarelto, coumadin, Eliquis, Plavix), you will resume this INSTEAD of the ASA 325 mg. Talk with your cardiologist about when to resume this after surgery*

Important Contact Information

Primary Contact Info: p: 312-432-2880 f: 708-409-5179
email: garriguespractice@rushortho.com

Note: all practice members will receive a copy of messages using the above email address

Main Office Location:

1611 W. Harrison St., Suite 300
Chicago, IL 60612

Clinic Days & Locations (hours may vary)

Tuesday @ RUMC

Wednesday @ Oak Brook OR Naperville

Friday @ Oak Brook

RUMC Clinic

1611 W. Harrison St., 4th floor
Yellow section

Oak Brook Clinic

2011 York Road
Oak Brook, IL 60523

Naperville Clinic

55 Shuman Blvd, Suite 700
Naperville, IL 60563

After hours or weekend emergencies: 312-432-2880, option 0 for the operator

WEBSITE

DrGShoulder.com

Our website has a plethora of information regarding hospital locations, parking details, what to expect the day of surgery, educational materials, additional copies of handouts, FMLA/disability details...just to name a few! Please refer to this frequently throughout the pre-op and post-surgical process.